WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

The Week's Doings at the National Capital.

VETERANS' RIGHTS-AN IMPORTANT INTER-

VIEW WITH THE PRESIDENT. A delegation, consisting of Gen. H. W. Slocum, Gen. James B. Coit, of Connecticut; Maj. H. L. Cranford, of Washington a committee from the Society of the Army of the Potomac; Ira. M. Hedges, Past Department Commander G.A.R. of New York; Paul Van DerVoort, Past Commander-in-Chief of the G.A.R.; Maj. F. W. Haskell, Waterville, Me., and Comrade Jos. W. Kay, of Brooklyn, who represented the Grand Army of the Republic Veterans' Rights Union. called upon the President last Friday.

The President received the delegation very cordially, and Comrade Kay, who had been selected Chairman, explained the object of the object of the visit as follows: "Mr. President, this is virtually a continuation of an interview with you by a committee of the Veterans' Rights Union which took place at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, last October, and the object in view, now as then, is the rights of Union veterans under the law.

"Permit us, at the outset, in the name of the veterans of the Union, to thank you for the appointment made yesterday, of Comrade George Donnalley as Postmaster at Waterloo, N. Y., notwithstanding the opposition which we believe it met. He was a good soldier, a worthy, capable man, and deserving the consideration shown him in that appointment." President Cleveland said: "Yes, we had some

trouble in the case, but it was finally determined upon, as a fit appointment to be made." Comrade Kay said that the veterans regarded with much gratification the first Executive order of Secretary Manning in which he evidenced his intention that, in the Treasury Department, strict attention should be paid to Section 1754 and Sec. 3, Chap. 287 of the laws Mr. Keiley's appointment on account of his of 1876, that any preference under the law wife's parentage is not generally credited, as should be protected, and it demonstrated that | nothing has been received at the State Departit was the intention of the Administration to | ment in regard to the matter. do justice to the soldiers.

He called the attention of the President to the fact that while the law (Section 1755) had been upon the Statute Book for over 19 years, it had never been enforced; was constantly ignored, and the preference contained therein in regard to Union soldiers received no attention. He submitted to the President that if two persons were applicants for a place-one of them a soldier and the other a citizen (their qualifications for the position being equal, or nearly so)-that the preference in such case should be given to the soldier.

The President replied: "This is always taken into consideration in such cases." Gen. Slocum said: "You do not expect but that this Administration will prefer Demo-

character in our composition. We are strictly non-partisan. Our belief is that our comrades of the war, without regard to their party, deserve from the Government a recognition superior to that of men who did not enter the army. "This is especially so in the case of subordinate clerkships in the several Departments. In

such matters we think no question of party should induce the appointing power to remove veterans when they are attentive to duty and competent, but that their services in the war should secure their retention in the civil employ of the Nation. We remember that these men were our comrades in the war, periling life and limb in defense of the Union. "We are united now by the same bonds that

drew us together while we were facing death, that the Nation might live, and in our organization we know nothing of party. We ask no man his politics or religion when he seeks to join the Grand Army, and, if an applicant for employment under the Government seeks our help, we only ask that it be shown that he has served the country faithfully in war, is of fair character, and has the ability to perform the duties of the position to which he aspires.

Gen. Hedges said: "We do not propose, Mr. President, to foist upon your consideration the name of any person who is not fully qualified for the place for which he is urged, nor would we give him our official indorsement." The President replied, "It would be useless to support a man who did not have the requi-

site qualifications." Comrade Kay explained that the Veterans' Rights Union in the State of New York was composed of three delegates-at-large and one from each Congressional District in the State. All applications were referred to the committeeman of the district in which the applicant re- President he was restored to the retired list of sides, for his examination and indersement, and was then returned to Headquarters and forward- | ed in 1884 that this action of the President was ed to the President or to the Department with a suitable recommendation. All the Union asks roll by order of the Secretary of War. His penfor such applications is that they receive at the | sion had been suspended upon his restoration hands of the appointing power EVERYWHERE | to the retired list, because he could not legally in the Governmental service a fair share of consideration, and particularly when they come within the provisions of section 1754.

Comrade Kay stated that the organization did not originate applications for office, but where application was made by two persons, one of them a soldier and the other a civilian, believing that under a fair construction of the law the soldier was entitled to the preference, they received the application and endeavored to assist in having the old soldier preferred.

Comrade Kay mentioned several instances in which the law had been flagrantly disregarded and removals of soldiers made for purely political reasons. He claimed for veterans of the war the right to liberty of conscience to vote for whom they pleased, without being therefor subject to removal from a place which furnished them subsistence, even though it be under the Government. This was their privilege as free men, and

they had earned the right to it upon many a bloody field. The President replied in the most earnest

tone: "If you will keep within bounds, and ask | there during the latter part of the present reasonable things, I will do my share. The delegation then paid their respects and

withdrew. CAMP LEE AT WASHINGTON.

The R. E. Lee Camp of Confederate veterans stopt in Washington on their way home from the Reunion at Baltimore. They were met at the depot by Col. R. I. Fleming, who was formerly in Lee's army. He provided carriages, and for several hours the Virginians were driven about the Capital and shown the sights. At 1:30 they sat down to an elegant banquet at the National Hotel, which was furnished by Col. Fleming, Dr. D. W. Bliss, and Capt. Carver.

Col. Fleming sat at the head of the table, with Col. H. B. de Clay, the Commander of the Camp, on his left. Next to Col. Cooke sat Hon. of Hon. Dan'l W. Voorhees, our Senator, and picker in Jersey City, invited a number of his Geo. D. Wise, and next to Gen. Cooke was Hon. Eppa Hunton. Among those present not belonging to R. E. Camp were Gen. E. W. Whittaker, of the Union Cavalry; Gen. R. E. Colston, Col. Jack Brown, and Past Commander A. B. Hurlbut, of the Department of Virginia,

Col. H. B. de Clay responded to the first toast, "The Blue," very felicitously. He referred to his emotion as he escorted the Camp down the aisle to the stage at the Reunion of the Army of the Potomac, and closed by reading a poem "The Blue and the Gray," written by Col. J. C. Gunn.

"The Gray" was responded to by State Senstor Lovenstein, of Virginia. He said that while every man in gray fought for what he believed to be right, they all loyally acquiesced in the results of the war, and their hearts throbbed with joy at the reception by the Army | but that has always been returned. While in of the Potomac.

"Our Host" was responded to by Hon. Geo. D. Wise, who said that the ex-Confederates were vieing with the Federals in making this the most glorious country in the world. He had always voted for pensions for Union sol-diers, and had found his Southern colleagues equally willing to do so.

Past Department Commander Hurlbut responded to the "G.A.R." and Col. Thos. J. Evans, of Richmond, made a humorous speech in response to "Virginia." At the conclusion of the banquet the men in

gray were escorted to the depot, and left for

home on the evening train. DECORATION DAY. unusually extensive preparations for the observance of Decoration Day, and the members a Hoosier soldier, was made page and another soltine the Counties in which they may die. The servance of Decoration Day, and the members a Hoosier soldier, was made page and another solare determined that the services on that day | dier's son mail agent in the last few days. The shall be of a character far surpassing anything plain, unvarnished outh compels me to say that tion of the unwarranted and preposterous extent to which a laudable and patriotic senti-

soliciting contributions in his Department, at once expressed his hearty concurrence in the scheme, and the amount contributed from that source alone will doubtless be large. The scholars of the public schools will also be called upon as usual, to contribute flowers, and, as in The News from All Parts of the the past, they have always been extremely generous with their floral offerings, the graves of the soldiers will not be wanting in those beau-

tiful mementoes this year.

As yet there has been no selection of orator or poet at Arlington, but the Committee of Arrangements have entered into correspondence with prominent men in different parts of the country, who have not yet been heard from. The cemeteries are being put in order for the ceremonies, and that at Arlington is in especially fitting condition, as it has lately been

undergoing extensive improvement. General Orders, No. 4, just issued by Department Commander N. M. Brooks, calls on the members to join in commemorating the day, and a request has been made to the pastors of the churches in the city that on the Sunday precoding the 30th special reference be made to the occasion. Reference is also made in the order to the liberality with which the District schools and the public have responded to the call for after a desperate fight, in which the Captain flowers, and a continuance of the donations is earnestly requested.

MR. KEILEY'S TRIBULATIONS.

Mr. Keiley, of Richmond, Va., is having a hard time in his efforts to get into the diplomatic service of the United States. His appointment to Italy was objected to on the grounds that in a speech some years ago he uttered some rather severe strictures on Victor Emanuel in regard to that monarch's movements against His Holiness the Pope, and so persistently was this urged against Mr. Keiley going to Rome that his appointment was withdrawn, and the mission changed to Austria. But this by no means ended the tribulations of the ex-Mayor of Richmond, for rumors are now circulating that his wife will be objected to at the Court of Austria, that lady being of Hebrew birth. Mrs. Keiley is the daughter of a prominent Jewish merchant of Petersburg, and a lady of many accomplishments. The report, however, of the Austrian Government protesting against

MISS CLEVELAND'S HAIR. The ladies of the Capital society are agitated over the important question of whether Miss Cleveland should change the style of wearing her bair. It will be remembered that there was a similar convulsion of the elements over Mrs. Hayes's plain method of dressing her magnificent suit of black hair, and with the quiet firmness which distinguished that lady in all her acts she persisted in wearing it in the plain, simple manner that had been her custom when the belle of the Ohio village where she was born. The ladies are divided into two factions over Miss Cleveland's chevelure. One insists that it is more "dignified" for her to wear her hair long and put up in the customary manner, while the other insists with equal Comrade Kay replied: "Yes; but, as far as pertinacity that there is more character in her we are concerned, we have nothing of partisan | continuing to wear her hair short as she did the price of wheat nor aid materially in the aggravation of the Russo-English troubles.

VISITORS TO THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE OFFICE. Dr. Geo. W. McConnell, Angola, Ind., late Quartermaster 44th Ind. Past Commander-in-Chief Paul Van Der

Col. H. B. de Clay, Commander Department of Virginia, G.A.R. Gov. John C. Lee, Toledo, O., formerly

Colonel 55th Ohio. Jas. G. Clark, Lyric Poet, Composer and Balladist. Mr. Clark is the author of " Mountains of Life," "Beautiful Hills," "The Isles of the By-and-By," "Leona," and many other popular songs. Mr. Clark devoted of the proceeds of his concerts nearly \$5,000 during the war to the sustenance and comfort of our soldiers and

their families. Past Department Commander of New York, Gen. Jas. B. Coit, of Connecticut, President

of Second Corps Association. Maj. H. L. Cranford, Washington. Private Jos. W. Kay, Brooklyn. Maj. F. W. Haskell, Waterville, Me. Francis Leedy, Purnell's Legion, Youngs-

RESTORED TO THE PENSION ROLLS. The name of Gen. Benj. Runkle has been re stored to the pension rolls with the rank of Major, to take effect April 1, 1884. His case was rather peculiar. He was dropped from the retired list of the army in 1873, and his pension was allowed in 1876. By order of the the army in 1878. The Court of Claims decidreceive a pension while under salary as a retired officer. The pension has now been renewed from the date of his last payment as an officer on the retired list.

The sum of \$281.80 lay so heavily last week on the conscience of some Baltimorean that he inclosed it to the Treasurer of the United States,

simply stating by way of explanation that it was "Uncle Sam's cash." A. P. Swineford, of Marquette, Mich., has been appointed Governor of Alaska. Mr. Swineford is an ex-Mayor of Marquette, is editor of the Marquette Mining Journal, has served as member of the Legislature of his State, and was a candidate for Lieutenant-Governor two

The President has been compelled, on account sessions of the commercial convention to be held

of mines and mining by Gov. Begole, of Michi-

month. George V. N. Lathrop, of Michigan, has been appointed Minister to Russia; Boyd Winchester, of Kentucky, Minister to Switzerland, and J. E. W. Thompson, of New York, Minister to Hayti.

SOLDIERS' FRIENDS.

Two Indianians Who Deserve the Gratitude of

Comrades. To THE EDITOR: Will you kindly permit an old soldier from the Hoosier State the use of make personal mention of two grand, bigof his Private Secretary, Hon. C. R. Faulkner, State Senator from Ripley County, Ind. Every morning Mr. F. wends his way from Mr. Voorhees's rooms at the Capitol to the Pension Office, in the interest of some claimant who has appealed to Mr. Voorhees or himself. This work to him is a labor of love, for though during the late unpleasantness he did not "fight, bleed and die as Colonel," he gave the lives of two dearly loved sons-his all-to the cause. He also lost a brother and two nephews in the same cause. During the Morgan raid he was made a claim for one cent. He has helped hundreds through with their pension claims, and made not one cent charge, but has spent his or soldier's widow has asked his help. He has been sent money by those thankful for his aid, Mr. Voorhees's Committee Room to-day I was shown a book kept by him containing the names of over 1,000 claimants whose claims they have got through or are still working on, and while there the mail was opened and four notices received from Gen. Black saying that that number of claims had been granted, and adding in each case to Mr. Voorbees, "As you brought this case up I deem it but right to notify you." Then, as Mr. Faulkner's eye fell upon the name of one claimant well known to him, he said: "Well, thank God, Jim has got a portion of his just dues at last!" As Mr. Voorhees has just been re-elected for another six years, it will not do for an enemy to say

World.

ABROAD.

The Mediterranean Sea has encroached upon the land in the Nile Delta to a point at present beyond Rosetta. Cattle are perishing from the effects of sait water drunk by them in desperate thirst, and the human inhabitants of the invaded regions are suffering terribly from want of fresh water, which has to be sent to them from long distances by railway .--- A bust of Coleridge, the peet, was unvailed at Westminster Abbey, London, by Mr. James Russell Lowell on the 7th inst .- While the French steamer Villede Marseille was on her way to Buenos Ayres the emigrants on board mutinied, owing to the badness of the food furnished to them. They were finally overpowered and several of the crew were badly wounded. Ten of the passengers were killed or wounded. The vessel put into St. Vincent, where she is guarded by a French cruiser. - Joseph Smith, the informer, who testified against the men who were hanged for the assassination of Lord Frederick Cavendish and Under-Secretary Burke, in Phœnix Park, Dublin, and who had ever since the execution been an exile from Ireland and supposed to be living incognito somewhere in India, has just died in London.

-The steamer City of Rio de Janeiro, which arrived at San Francisco on the 6th inst. from Hong Kong, brought news of a collision, March 28, on the Huantupa River, between the Chinese ferry steamer Lin Yau, plying between Woo-Sung and Shanghai, and the Ocean Steamship Company's steamer Orestes. The Chinese steamer, which carried about 100 passengers and a crew of 12, was cut in two, and all except 32 passengers and seven of the crew are believed to have perished .- On Sunday night of last week a fracas occurred between some Jamaicans and national soldiers at Culebra, near Panama. The latter were disarmed and afterward retired. After procuring re-enforcements they returned and broke into the barracks where the Jamaicans were sleeping, and in the most barbarous manner killed 25 of them and wounded 20 others. Only one Colombian was killed and none wounded. The Jamaicans are leaving in great numbers. Their departure will delay work on the canal.-Advices from Honelulu state that Queen Dowa-

ger Emma, of the Sandwich Islands, died April Her death was sudden, and less than an hour elapsed from the time the physician was called till she breathed her last.—Hon. Robert M. McLane, of Baltimare, Md., United States Minister to France, has arrived at Paris. -Col. Majendie, Chief Inspector of Explosives, reports that the recent explosion at the Admiralty Office, London, was caused by 12 pounds of gunpowder inclosed in a metal pot.

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES. A difficulty occurred in Prince George County, onday night, between Dalias Graves and marked before about other things, whichever | Wm. Evans, during which the former was | a minimum amount of morphine, and awakes in way this is decided, it will probably not effect struck on the head by the latter with a hickory the morning feeling much refreshed. Despite the price of wheat nor aid materially in the stick and killed. Evans escaped.—At Charles. stick and killed. Evans escaped. --- At Charleston, W. Va., on the 8th inst., a shot was fired through the window of the United States Marshal's office at Deputy Marshal Atkinson. It is thought the shot was fired by a moonshiner, Atkinson having been very active in prosecuting violators of the internal revenue laws. - Geo. Draper, colored, of Wilmington, Del., sentenced in 1878 to imprisonment for life for the murder of Isaac Hopkins, has been pardoned by Gov. Stockley .- Marcella Ryan, the colored woman who was sentenced to death by the court in Roanoke City, Va., a year ago on an indictment for causing the death of her husband, has been released from jail on a decision in her favor of the Court of Appeals of Virginia .- John L. Mackey, a brakeman on the Hemfield Division of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, fell from his train last Thursday and was run over and killed .- Henrietta Van Buren, who was committed from College Point, L. I., to Barnum's Island, was found dead in her cell on the 8th inst., having committed suicide by hanging. ----Mrs. Ellen V. Libby, whose husband disappeared a few days ago, committed suicide in Chicago on the 8th inst. by taking carbolic acid. -- Information has been received in Wheeling to the effect that in Wayne County, W. Va., Tuesday night of last week, a colored desperado shot and killed a white man named Chester Hornaker, and seriously wounded Peter Carterbury and David Stewart, also white -Ned Dillard, a colored Virginia convict, who recently escaped while working near Petersburg, was recaptured a few nights ago in Henry County, Va., by Deputy Sheriff R. H. Bowsman. Bowsman entered at midnight the cabin where Dillard was hiding, and was attacked by both Dillard and his wife. Bowsman fired four shots, seriously wounding the woman, and finally overpowered the convict, who has been taken back to Petersburg. Bowsman was stabbed twice by Dillard and bitten by the woman during the encounter. - Fred. Watson has been arrested in Cincinnati, charged with stealing \$2,300 worth of diamonds from the carriage of Mr. Briggs Swift, two weeks ago. Dr. S. W. Craig, formerly jail physician, and Mrs. Lizzie Davis, were also arrested in connection with the theft, in which John J. Kelly, a ward politician, is also said to be implicated .--- At Bath, Me., Mrs. Ira Hodgson, aged 69 years, was shot twice while in bed by her son James, who was delirious from drinking. She will probably die. -- County Judge Brooks, of Camp County, Tex., was convicted of bribery on the 5th inst. and sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. He asked the Sheriff to take him to his law office, that he might write a letter before going to jail. The request was granted, years ago. He was appointed State inspector | and while he and the Shoviff were in the office, after the letter had been written, Brooks drew a pistol from his table drawer and shot himself dead. The letter was addressed to his friends, of official duties, to decline the invitation of the | and declared his innocence of the crime. --- At Georgia delegation to visit Atlanta during the | a place called Six-Mile Ferry, on the Monongahela River, between Hazlewood and Hays Sta-tion, Pa., Saturday night last, a skiff, in which there were six persons, was capsized, drowning three of the passengers, Mrs. Oriella Jubenel and her eight-year-old son, and a man named August Rust .-- H. A. W. Walkemeyer, one of the most prominent business men of Harrisburg, Pa., committed suicide by shooting in that city Saturday. Business embarrassments caused the act.—Amandon Kalbach, a wellknown citizen of Reading, Pa., died Saturday with symptoms resembling poisoning. It is thought he committed suicide. He was financially embarrassed .- Lesher Bergenstock, of Camden, N. J., threw himself into the river at Philadelphia Friday night last. He was twice sufficient space in THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE to | caught with boat hooks, but savagely fought himself loose, held his head under water and hearted Hoosiers who are cheerfully doing all | was drowned .- Ignatz Doutsch committed Department of Virginia, G.A.R., on his right, they possibly can for the old vets, their widows suicide in Philadelphia Saturday, by hanging the penitentiary. He offered her a goodly and before he was fully aware of what he was the penitentiary. He offered her a goodly and before he was fully aware of what he was the penitentiary.

countrymen to visit him Saturday night last. During a game of cards Luigi Ippolito, one of the guests, accused Bosco of cheating, and the latter stabbed Ippelito fatally with a pair of compasses. INDUSTRIAL. The business failures throughout the country

during the seven days ending on the 9th inst., number for the United States 225, and for Canada 23, or a total of 248, as compared with 208 last week and 240 the week previous to the last. --- The Osborn Mill, Fall River, Mass., has shut "eaten out of house and home," but he never down for a week. Stove Mill, No. 1, and Mechanics' Mill will stop next week .-- The crop prospects in the Memphis district, which includes West Tennessee, North Arkansas, North time and money most readily when any soldier | Mississippi and North Alabama, are reported as very favorable. The acreage of cotton is 41 per cent. and of corn 12 larger than last year. Labor is plenty and is working well. The Spring was backward, but the planting was completed

in good season.

MISCELLANEOUS. Rebecca Cassidy, colored, died in Dartmouth, N. H., on the 8th inst., in her one hundred and fifteenth year. Up to a week before her death she was active and able to visit her neighbors. She was an escaped slave from the Southern States .- The Secretaries of the Young Men's Christian Association of the United States and Canada met in Chattanooga, Tenn., on the 5th inst, in their annual conference. This is their first meeting south of Baltimore. About 150 delegates are present, representing every State in the Union.—Gov. Pattison, of Pennsylvania, on the 5th inst. vetoed the bill passed by The Department of the Potomac is making truth the soldiers' friend. Through his and the Legislature of the State providing for the Governor says " the bill is a remarkable exhibi-

was sold at anction at Boston on the 6th inst. for \$12,300. The vessel has been anchored at the navy yard ever since the war. Peter Butler, a junk dealer, was the purchaser. He will probably have her burned, the usual method to get at the metals used in the construction of a ship. The Niagara was built in 1854. - Jos. acquire land and erect dwellings that shall not pay more than four per cent. on the investment House passed the bill prohibiting public sparring or boxing exhibitions on the 5th inst .-Mrs. John Tench, whose mind had been impaired for some time past, died from the effects of fasting, at her home, in Prince George County. Va., on the 7th inst. The deceased had not spoken or partaken of food or water for more than two months. A few months ago she weighed 240 pounds, but at the time of her death she weighed only 75 pounds.

GEN. GRANT.

At Work on His Book — The Original Diagnosis the Disease Affirmed. While Gen. Grant's health has improved wonderfully during the past few weeks, and the progress of the fatal malady has been much slower by reason of the general system being stronger, there is unfortunately no basis for the hope that the diagnosis of the throat trouble was in any way incorrect, and the cancer is undoubtedly steadily doing its deadly work.

The General has been hard at work on his memoirs, some days dictating to a stenographer as long as three hours at a time. At times he has worked more than was deemed prudent by his physicians, but his anxiety to finish the work seems to overshadow every other consideration.

Dr. Geo. F. Shrady, one of Gen. Grant's consulting physicians, thus states the condition of his patient: During the past week Gen. Grant's bodily health

has much improved, and he has been enabled to enjoy short drives in Central Park, to walk short distances out of doors, and to do a considerable amount of literary work on his forthcoming memoirs. His appetite is better, he has relish for his food, and his swallowing is not attended with much

Locally his disease shows a slight tendency to progress. The sloughy exudation has disappeared, exposing exuberant fungoid granulations in its place. This condition still involves the right and posterior parts of the pharynx, the right tonsilar region, and the right side of the base of the tongue. The palatal curtain is still considerably infiltrated, although all signs of acute inflammatory trouble have disappeared. At the base of the uvula on the right side a small fungoid excrescence has developed, which has shown a disposition to extend. On the free margin of the palatal curtain, midway between the uvula and right tonsilar region, a similar growth of very small size has also appeared, similar growth of very small size has also appeared. The ulceration at the base of the right anterior faucal pillar, and alongside of the tongue, presents a worm-eaten surface indicating an extension of the destructive process. The breathing is free and the voice is clear, but the movements of the tongue are somewhat restricted, affecting articulation accordingly. The calarged glands under and around the right angle of the lower law are somewhat the right angle of the lower jaw are somewhat barder, and in consequence of surrounding inflam-matory infiltration are quite firmly fixed. There is, however, less pain in the diseased parts than formerly, and the secretion of mucus is less abundant. The patient obtains a full night's sleep with unfortunately no change in the local disease to warrant any modification of the original diagnosis by the members of the medical staff.

Dr. Barker, one of the General's physicians, sailed for Europe early this week. When about to leave he bid the General good-bye, and said: "When I come back in the Autumn I shall expect to find your literary work finished to vour satisfaction."

"You don't expect to find me, though, do you?" said the General. "I shall hope so anyhow," responded Dr. Barker.

THE PLYMOUTH PLAGUE.

The Typho-Malaria Plague Spreading-The Cause of the Epidemic. The situation at Plymouth shows very little improvement since last week and the deaths from typho-malaria still continue. Unfortunately the disease is no longer confined to Plymouth, but seems to be spreading to the towns in the vicinity, and the approach of warm weather is giving rise to fears of a more severe outbreak The rebels finally retreated, but did not en of the epidemic. A committee of physicians appointed to examine into the cause of the disease has discovered what is supposed to be a satisfactory explanation of the trouble, and the conclusion arrived at is in perfect accord with the accepted scientific theory of the origin of typhoid fever. At the headwaters of the mountain stream supplying Plymouth with water is a house in which typhoid fever has prevailed for the last three months. The excreta of the sick were thrown into a privy 40 feet from the stream, and were washed into the stream by the March rains. The fever broke out at Plymouth about two weeks after the stream was polluted. By this pollution of the water supply 1,000 per-

sons were poisoned, and about 85 have died with the fever, while other deaths are likely to occur. A Dead Body Found by a Dog. Andrew Thomas, a colored man, residing at Rockville, Md., disappeared from that place in the latter part of March last, and since that time nothing whatever was heard of him until a few days ago. It was supposed for some cause that he had been murdered, and a reward of \$100 was offered by the Governor for the discovery of his body and the apprehensien of the criminal. On Tuesday last a dog belonging to Mr. Adam Robinson, living in the vicinity of Rockville, brought home a human finger in his mouth. Mr. Robinson at once concluded that the dog had found Thomas's body, and thinking that if he fastened the dog up until he got hungry, he would again return to the corpse for another meal. He accordingly confined the animal during the night, and the next morning on releasing him found his surmise to be correct. The dog went straight to a thicket in the vicinity where the remains of the negro was discovered. The corpse was eaten almost up. little more than a skeleton being left. One leg was torn entirely from the body. It is impessible to tell from the mutilated condition whether murder had been committed or not; the only supposed evidence of violence being the absence of several front teeth from the

upper jaw. She Will Have Revenge.

At a special session of the Criminal Court of Jackson County, Mo., John A. Wheeler was last week sentenced to two years in the penitentiary for the seduction of Ida W. Wheeler under promise of marriage. An endeavor will be made to carry the case to the Supreme Court. It is the first sentence ever passed upon a seducer in this County. The woman seemed determined to pursue her betrayer to the utmost. She has a judgment in the Circuit Court and a lien on the estate of his father for \$20,000, lar and attempting to catch it in his sleeve, the and besides has gotten him to the door of piece of money accidentally struck his mouth, amount to marry him after the verdict was | doing he had swallowed it. All the prominent | 75 cents. rendered, but she would not accept. Wheeler | physicians of the city have been consulted, and is of a prominent family of Cass County, and, are now deliberating on the question of whether besides the dishonor of a penitentiary sentence, or not the young man's singular diet will prove he, once wealthy and a merchant of Kansas | fatal. City, will now be poverty-stricken.

They Took the Old Man's Part. A family feud between a man named Olson and his wife, originating in Sweden long age, has broken out afresh at their home near Mitchell, Dak., and the two sons and their mother joining issue against the father, have made it uncomfortably hot for him. The neighbors took up the old man's cause, put in his crops and demanded that the boys give up a team of oxen claimed by both parties. The sons refused to comply and a masked mob of about 10 men entered the Olson residence Wednesday night of last week, maltreated the old lady, presented the elder son with a suit a tar and turkey feathers, dragged him over the prairie lashed to the rear end of a lumber wagon, and frightened the second son so badly that he has fled from the neighborhood. He has been found 20 miles distant half naked and insane. Officers from the city are on the track of the persons

who composed the mob.

Supplying a Long-Felt Want. Comrade E. S. Heath, Commander of Post No. 460, Kennerdell, Pa., has supplied something for which there has always been much demand among the comrades. It is a war play. especially adapted for production by Posts, and having vividly realistic scenes from actual war, beginning with the enlistment and going through all the experiences of soldier life. He will play the leading part himself and furnish everything needed for a small share of the receipts. Comrades desiring to produce the play may address him at Kennerdell, Pa.

Hardly a newspaper printed but comrade is devoting himself with an energy which cannot fail to be crowned with success. Committees have been appointed to solicit sub-Scriptions from citizens and officials. Secretary -A Comrade of B. J. Croswait Post, G.A.R., in New York on the 21st.—The old United said they were saved from the grave by it.

Lamar, when approached on the question of Angola, Ind. States war ship Niagara, which cost \$750,000, \$1.00 per bottle at druggists.

RIEL'S REBELLION.

Bloody Battle with the Indians-A General Up-

rising of the Tribes Feared.

The trouble between the half breeds and the Canadian Government seems to be growing worse day by day, and there is every prospect W. Drexel, Oswald Ottenderfer, Felix Adler, at the present writing that a long and bloody E. R. A. Seligman and others, of New York city, war will ensue. Throughout the Northwest have incorporated The Tenement-House the greatest fears are entertained by the settlers, Building Company," whose object shall be to and not without cause, as they have had numerous deadly examples of the ferocious and sanguinary spirit of the half breeds. Communicato the stockholders. --- The Pennsylvania tion with the Canadian Northwest is so difficult that scarcely anything but the most meager accounts and rumors reach us of what is going on. Last week Col. Otter, who had been sent to punish the rebels, met them near Battleford and a desperate fight ensued between the Canadian forces and Poundmaker's Indians, in which it was first reported that the latter gained a signal victory over the Dominion troops. Later reports, however, show the rumors to have been false, and it appears that the victory perched on the banner of the Canadians. The details, which have recently come to hand, show that after a forced march of 30 miles, Col. Otter's forces reached the reservation of the Poundmaker Indians and offered battle to them, which was readily responded to. The fight lasted seven hours. The Indians used muskets, war clubs, spears, bows and arrows, and weapons of every conceivable kind. Otter's force kept well under cover of the bush, and from an intrenched position poured deadly volleys of bullets into the redskins, who fell in scores all around. Fully 100 are known to have been killed, and it is thought twice as many are wounded. Otter's loss is seven killed and 18 wounded. No mention is made in dispatches of the killed and wounded being brought back, and it is judged from the hasty march back that they were left behind. Nothing but the last extremity would induce Otter to leave them. The troops set fire and burned the building on the reserve before leaving. The Qu Appell Indians, who raided and sacked a number of settlers' houses, are reported to have risen and left the reserve. Crowfoot, Chief of the Blackfeet, is related to Poundmaker, and will, it is said join him in a battle against the whites. The Dominion Government and Gen. Otter are blamed for not securing the ransom of Factor McLean and other white captives of the Indians before precipitating matters. They will probably all be murdered, if they have not already been. Gen. Middleton, who has been in camp for some time near Batouche's Crossing, came up with the Indians on the 9th, and had quite a smart engagement, in which the Indians were

driven back. Soon after leaving camp the troops came up with a small body of Indians, who fired on them and retired behind a house. The Gatling guns were brought to bear on them when they ran into a house near the Church of Saint Laurent, which was also fired upon by the Gatling, when they ran out into the bush. A bat tery by this time drove up with a rush and got into position, sending several shells after the rebels. The Grenadiers now advanced, marching steadily into action, deployed into skirmishing order and continued to advance till the church was reached, when a priest came out of a house, waving a white flag. Gen. Middleton and staff advanced and shook hands with him, when three other priests and five Sisters of Charity came out. A number of half-breed children were also inside in charge of the Sisters. The Grenadiers advanced, skirmish ag through the bush on the right of the trail, the Gatling gun being pushed forward down the declivity toward Batouche, now plainly visible in the valley below. Here the battery unlimbered on top of the ridge, sending shells into the enemy, and while doing so were almost surprised by a number of rebels who crept up through the bush, not being discovered until but 20 yards distant. They made a rush for the guns, firing and yelling as they ran. Capt. Howard, of the United States Army, who operated the Gatling gun, saw the danger, ran the gun a couple of yards in front of the battery and opening fire literally mowed the rebels down. Those remaining turned and ran from the gun, reaching the shelter of the bush. They opened fire again, and Howard's escape from injury was something marvelous. Bullets were flying all around him, but he gallantly maintained the position, and the rebels, unable to stand the terrible fire, returned to pits con-

The rebels finally retreated, but did not entirely give up the fight, firing a few shots from every point where they could get cover. At the time of going to press another fight is likely to

Fatal Fire in Brooklyn.

The most fatal fire which has visited Brooklyn, N. Y., since the great theater fire, in which over 200 people perished, occurred on Tuesday morning of last week. The scene of the disaster was a large five story building which was occupied by about 20 small manufacturers employing in the aggregate about 700 persons, men and girls. The primary cause of the disaster was the upsetting of a soap vat, which set the floor of the room in which it was situated on fire, but the principal loss of life was occasioned by the rickety condition of the building, parts of which collapsed almost as soon as the fire broke out, hindering the firemen in their work and cutting off the escape of the unfortunate immates. Twenty-seven lives were lost and quite a number of persons more or less burned and otherwise injured.

Horrible Murder by a Mother. At Newark, N. J., on the 5th inst., Lucy Gilchrist, wife of John Gilchrist, while insane from drink, seized ber six-months-old baby, and, placing it on a block, chopped its head, neck, and body with an ax, killing it instantly. Another of her children gave an alarm, and some of the neighbors rushed in, but too late to save the baby. The woman, without doubt, is insane. She says she did the deed because the spirits told her to, and because she must save Ireland. When her husband arrived, soon after the child was killed, it was with great difficulty that he was restrained from attacking her. The woman, who is about 38 years old, has three remaining children, aged 14, 11, and five years. She was taken into custody.

The Panama Troubles.

Everything is now quiet at Panama. On the 7th inst. the 2d battalion of United States Marines, numbering 600 men and officers, embarked for home on the 7th on the steamer Colon. The 1st battalion still remains, but if the situation improves they expect to return home this month, and leave the interests of the United States to the six ships of the Pacific and North Atlantic fleet now at the Isthmus. The health of all continues to be excellent.

Swallewing a Trade Dellar.

While Alexander Hibbard, of Milwankee Wis., aged 16 years, was tossing up a trade dol-



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AYER'S HAIR No More Bald Heads.

among the first luxuries of our AYER'S HAR VIGOR. of Ayer's Hair Vigor, and, behouse." Miss Kate Rose, In-

gersoll, Ontario, writes: "While keeping my head clear of dandruff, and thick growth of hair, nearly two inches forty-two inches long, and as thick as the hair on the top of my head was becould be desired." The wife of Dr. V. S. coming weak and thin. I procured Ayer's Lovelace, Lovelaceville, Ky., had very bad Hair Vigor, the application of which intetter sores upon her head, causing the vigorated the hair roots, and sent out a hair to fall out. Ayer's Hair Vigor healed new growth of young hair. To-day my the sores, and in less than twelve months hair is as thick and vigorous as ever. I produced bair a foot long.

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procured a bottle

preventing Scald Head, Ayer's Hair Vigor long, covered my head." L. D. McJunkin, has also caused my hair to grow luxuri- Perryville, Md., writes: "Baldness is antly, resulting in my now possessing hair hereditary in my family. Five years ago still use the Vigor occasionally to keep my

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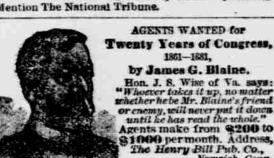
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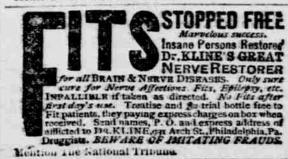
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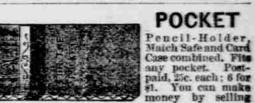
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WANTED--ADDRESSES. Advertisements for addresses inserted under this head at WANTED-By Stephen W. Darling, Covington, Pa-The address of Lester A. Elster, or any member of lattery A, 1st Ohio Art.

WANTED-By Sarah Paradise, New Sharon, Iowa-The addresses of James Smith, Thos. Reynolds and - Scott, of Co. F. 7th Mo. WANTED-By David English, Richland, Neb.-The address of any officers or members of Co. A, 18th WANTED-By Anton Hern, Denton, Tex.-The address of any member of Co. F. 3d Cal.-Capt. Potts's

W ANTED-By Fletcher Swaney, Hamilton, Ill.—The address of Dr. Thomas, who was in charge of Hos-pital No. 1, Gallatin, Tenn., in Winter of 1862-3; also, Dr. Westbrook and John W. Ward. WANTED-By Johanna Suilivan, Bangor, Mich.-The address of any officer or commade of Co. F. 61st Pa., who knew Michael Sullivan, or of the place where

WANTED-By James R. Griner, Wyoming, Pa.-The address of any officers or comrades of Co. I, 7th U. WANTED-By P. O. Bex 223, Cardington, O.—The name and address of Surgeon of Field Hospital, Bowling Green, Ky., Feb., 1863.

WANTED-By Patrick Higgins, El Paso, Tex.—The address of any officers or comrades of Co. D. 48th N. Y., who knew me. I joined the regiment at Hilton Head, went to Jacksonville, Fla., was wounded in the fight at Ouleste, Fla., and taken prisoner in February. WANTED-By Lucian Scott, Johnson, Vt.—The address of any comrade who was taken prisoner near Edinburg, Va., Nov. 22, '64, or who remembers of my becoming insensible while being marched to Staunton, Va., Nov. 26. I was a member of Co. M, 1st Vt. Cav.

W ANTED-By Mrs. Ella Ames, of Bryan, Ohio-The address of any officers or comrades of Co. F, 24th Ohio, who knew John L. Supple. WANTED-By John F. Yarnell, Winamac, Ind. -The address of any member of Co. M, 15th Kan. Cav., who knew Jacob A. Slonaker.

WANTED—By John M. Fuller, 614 Chateau Ave., St. Louis, Mo.—The address of any officers or mem-bers of Co. C, 1st Neb. Cav. WANTED-By John W. White, Galesburg, Ill.—The address of Capt. S. L. Shelenberger, of Co. F, 3d Ill.

WANTED-By John Barbean (care John Fleming), La Grange, Cal.—The address of any officers of comrades of Co. E, 12th Ohio Cav. W ANTED—By John Harbson, Greeley, Colo.—The address of Joseph Casson or any member of Co. B, 2d

WANTED-By Peter Bowen, Plain City, Ohio-The address of Lieut. Charles Bingham, or any commute who was with him at Madison Station, near Huntsville, W ANTED-By Thomas B. Spry, Shane's Crossing, O.—The address of the heirs of W. S. and Susan Moody, late of Mercer Co., O. 196-2t

WANTED-By John F. Huntley, late of Co. G. 23th Ind., Logan, Iowa-The address of Dr. Reynolds, who had charge of Hospital No. 8, Nashville, Tenn., in 1862-3, who treated me for lung fever at that place.

W ANTED-By John Fabian, Abiline, Tex.—The address of Surgeon or Ass't Surgeon, officers or comrades of Co. H, 7th N. J. WANTED-By Patrick Burns, Pontiac, Mich.—The address of the Steward or Assistant with Surgeon wheell, in Post Hospital, Nashville, Tenn., in Aug., 1864.

W ANTED—By Daniel Dilts, Winamac, Ind.—The address of Dr. Sales, who had charge of Hospital No., New Albany, Ind., in 1862. W ANTED—By James Tisdale, Vermillion, Ohio—The address of Thomas J. Kirkman and Lieut. Jacobs, of Co. H, 6th U. S. Vet. Vols.

WANTED-By James Sloan, Ontario, Wis.-The address of Capt. Mershon, Lieuts. Harris and Harvey, of Co. D. 26th Ky. When last heard from were tiving in

WANTED-By Alonzo Wheaton, Orleans, Neb.—The address of any member of Co. K, 7th Mich., who was with the regiment at Harper's Ferry after the of Antietam.